

# Where do bNAbs Fit in the Treatment Landscape?

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# bNAbs for HIV Treatment

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- **Opportunity for very long-acting therapy**
    - Setting
      - Current long-acting small molecules lack partners
      - Substantial proportion of PWH on treatment desire long-acting therapy
        - Convenience, stigma, anxiety, daily reminder of HIV
      - People with HIV who cannot access, cannot navigate or are endangered by frequent oral therapy or a not reached by our current system
        - Potential to help end HIV epidemic (final 5% of 95:95:95)
    - Populations
      - PWH – suppressed on therapy
      - PWH – naïve to ART or viremic with or without resistance



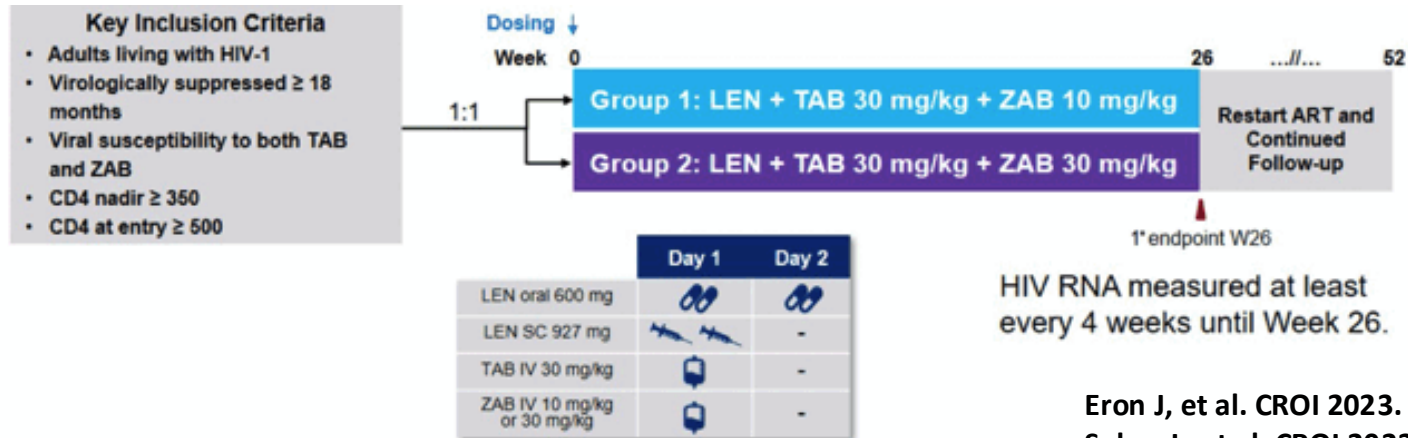
# bNAbs for HIV Treatment

- **Potential treatments**
  - bNAbs combined with small molecules
    - Need similar half-lives
    - Examples – bNAb with lenacapavir or bNAb with LA cabotegravir
  - bNAb combinations
    - Different targets on HIV envelope (CD4 binding, V3, V2)
  - Tri or Quad-specific antibodies
    - e.g. SAR441236, a Tri-specific Broadly Neutralizing Antibody (a5377)
  - Combination with other long-acting antibodies
    - bNAb plus CD4 binding antibodies (e.g UB<sup>121</sup> or ibalizumab)



# Lenacapavir with bNABs Teropavimab and Zinlirvimab Dosed every 6 Months in ART-suppressed PWH

- Teropavimab (TAB; 3BNC117-LS) and Zinlirvimab (ZAB; 10-1074-LS); long acting bNABs
- Required susceptibility to both antibodies to enter
- Evaluated whether LEN + TAB + ZAB can maintain HIV suppression for 6 months
  - Study enrollment halted due to pause in availability of lenacapavir IV formulation.



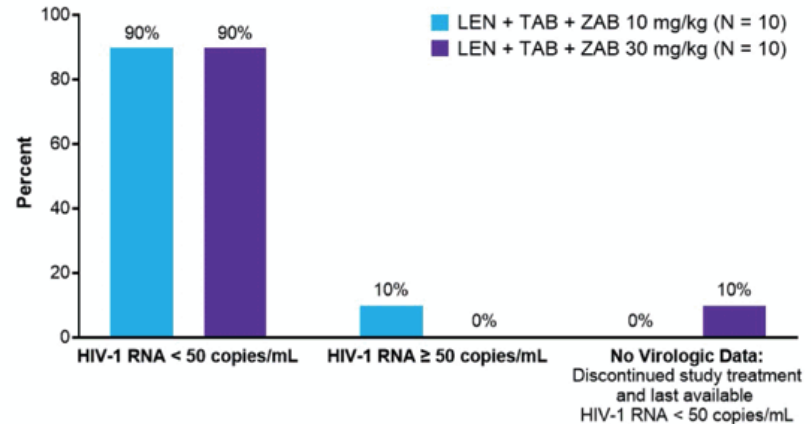
Eron J, et al. CROI 2023. Abstract 193.  
Selzer L, et al. CROI 2023. Abstract 580.

# Lenacapavir with bNAbs Teropavimab and Zinlirvimab Dosed every 6 Months in ART-suppressed PWH

- Screened 124 individuals; 55 met bNAb susceptibility criteria; 21 enrolled
- Participants received LEN with 10 mg/kg TAB + ZAB or 30 mg/kg TAB + ZAB
- 18 of 20 maintained HIV suppression
- 1 participant withdrew at wk 12 with VL <50
- 1 participant had confirmed virologic rebound at wk 16; resuppressed on baseline RPV/F/TAF
- Phase 2 study launched

Pilot study with sensitivity to single antibody (data pending)

Virologic outcomes, wk 26



Duration of baseline ART: median 2.6 y

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# bNAbs for HIV Treatment

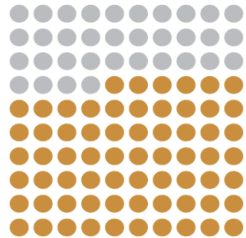
- **Ongoing examples (all in PWH suppressed on ART)**
  - A5357 VRC07 523LS plus cabotegravir-LA (submitted to CROI)
  - Teropavimab, zinlirvimab, lenacapavir Phase 2b – recruiting (NCT05729568)
  - N6 (VH3810109) plus cabotegravir LA Phase 2 Phase 2b recruiting (NCT05996471)
  - PGDM1400 and PGT121 and VRC07-523LS Monoclonal Antibodies in HIV-infected and HIV-uninfected Adults (Juelg et al CROI 2022) (NCT03205917)
  - TMB-365 (2<sup>nd</sup> Gen Ibalizumab) and TMB-380 (VRC07-523LS) in Suppressed PWH (NCT05275998)

# bNAbs for HIV Treatment

- **Hurdles**
  - Susceptibility testing vs. broadly active combination
  - Administration
    - IV infusion vs. SQ dosing (likely requires increased potency)
  - Need for multiple antibodies, complex structures or partner with small molecules
  - Putting small molecules at resistance risk at failure
  - Emergent ADA related treatment failure
    - Could be a late phenomena
  - Pharma preference for the “sure thing” before exploring the “hard thing”
    - All initial studies likely to be done in PWH suppressed on ART (in care and adherent)

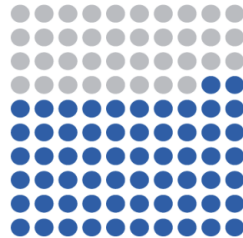
# It all starts with “U”

## United States - CDC



66%

Viral suppression  
at most recent test\*



62%

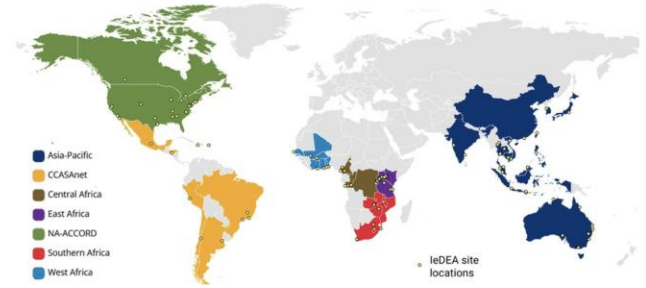
Sustained viral  
suppression†

\*Viral load <200 copies/mL or undetectable based on most recent test in the past 12 months.

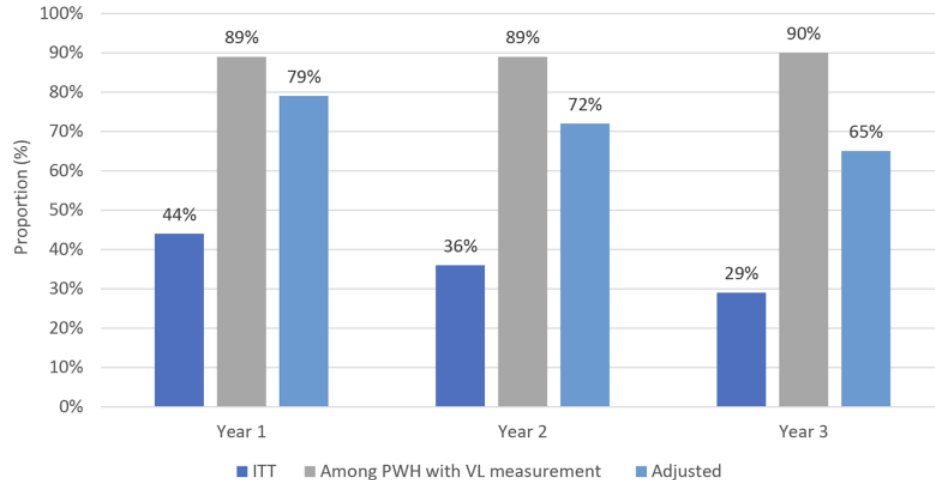
†Sustained viral suppression defined as having all viral load tests in the past 12 months <200 copies/mL or undetectable.

<https://www.cdc.gov/hiv/images/library/reports/hiv-surveillance-special-reports/no-32/infographics/cdc-hiv-mmp-report-32-figure-download-4.png>

## Global estimates IDEA Network



Adults



<https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC8782625/pdf/nihms-1769075.pdf>

# bNAbs for HIV Treatment

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- **Treatment of those with “untreatable” MDR HIV**
    - Resistance, multi-agent intolerance, limited treatment options
    - Should we be urgently studying antibody combinations in people with untreatable MDR HIV?
    - Very limited toxicity and less costly than many interventions the medical community explores for people with limited treatment options in other disease states.
    - Compassionate access across multiple bNAb sponsors?

# **bNAbs as Component of Functional Cure or Reservoir Reduction Strategies**



# bNAb for Function Cure or Reservoir Reduction

- Evidence of prolonged suppression post infusion of bNAb
  - SIV/SHIV models
  - Small numbers in PWH
    - ? Effect on reservoir
- Combine with LRA
- Vaccinal effect –
  - Facilitates long-lasting T cell immunity (SHIV, ? Humans)
- Clearance of infected cells
- Targeting arm
  - CAR-T, BYTES, DARTs

Shingai M, et al. Antibody-mediated immunotherapy of macaques chronically infected with SHIV suppresses viraemia. *Nature* 2013;503:277-80.

Nishimura Y, et al. Early antibody therapy can induce long-lasting immunity to SHIV. *Nature*. 2017;543:559–563. doi: 10.1038/nature21435. - [DOI](#) - [PMC](#) - [PubMed](#)

Gaebler C, et al. Prolonged viral suppression with anti-HIV-1 antibody therapy. *Nature* 2022;606(7913):368-374.

Sneller MC, et al. Combination anti-HIV antibodies provide sustained virological suppression. *Nature*. 2022;606:375–381. doi: 10.1038/s41586-022-04797-9. - [DOI](#) – [PubMed](#)

Gunst JD, et al, [Impact of a TLR9 agonist and broadly neutralizing antibodies on HIV-1 persistence: the randomized phase 2a TITAN trial](#). *Nat Med*. 2023 Oct;29(10):2547-2558. doi: 10.1038/s41591-023-02547-6. Epub 2023 Sep 11.

Borducchi, E. N. et al. Antibody and TLR7 agonist delay viral rebound in SHIV-infected monkeys. *Nature* 563, 360–364 (2018). - [PMC](#) – [PubMed](#)

Nishimura Y, et al. Immunotherapy during the acute SHIV infection of macaques confers long-term suppression of viremia. *J. Exp. Med*. 2021;218:e20201214. doi: 10.1084/jem.20201214. - [DOI](#) - [PMC](#) - [PubMed](#)

Rosás-Umbert M, et al. Administration of broadly neutralizing anti-HIV-1 antibodies at ART initiation maintains long-term CD8+ T cell immunity. *Nat. Commun*. 2022;13:6473. doi: 10.1038/s41467-022-34171-2. - [DOI](#) - [PMC](#) - [PubMed](#)